



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Introfiant Arterial

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Introfiant Arterial
Product number 105028

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Embalming Chemical

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier The MazWell Group Ltd.
Units 11/14-15 Ardglen Industrial Estate,
Whitchurch, Hampshire,
RG28 7BB, United Kingdom
+44 (0)1256-893883
+44 (0)1256-893868
enquiries@themazwellgroup.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0)1256 893883 (Mon- Fri 9:00 am - 4:30 pm)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 3 - H226
Health hazards Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Muta. 2 - H341 Carc. 1B - H350 Repr. 1B - H360FD STOT SE 2 - H371 STOT SE 3 - H335
Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Danger

Introfiant Arterial

Hazard statements	<p>H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H311+H331 Toxic in contact with skin or if inhaled. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer. H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. H371 May cause damage to organs .</p>
Precautionary statements	<p>P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P311 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</p>
Contains	Formaldehyde, Methanol, Disodium tetraborate decahydrate
Supplementary precautionary statements	<p>P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment. P242 Use non-sparking tools. P243 Take action to prevent static discharges. P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P308+P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell. P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label). P361+P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.</p>

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Introfiant Arterial

3.2. Mixtures

Formaldehyde	25 - <50%
CAS number: 50-00-0	EC number: 200-001-8

Classification

Acute Tox. 3 - H301
 Acute Tox. 3 - H311
 Acute Tox. 3 - H331
 Skin Corr. 1B - H314
 Eye Dam. 1 - H318
 Skin Sens. 1 - H317
 Muta. 2 - H341
 Carc. 1B - H350
 STOT SE 3 - H335

methanol		5 - <10%
CAS number: 67-56-1	EC number: 200-659-6	REACH registration number: 01-2119433307-44-XXXX
Voluntary disclosure.		

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225
 Acute Tox. 3 - H301
 Acute Tox. 3 - H311
 Acute Tox. 3 - H331
 STOT SE 1 - H370

Disodium tetraborate decahydrate	5 - <10%
CAS number: 1330-43-4	EC number: 215-540-4

Classification

Eye Irrit. 2 - H319
 Repr. 1B - H360FD

Propane-1,2-diol	1 - <2.5%
CAS number: 57-55-6	EC number: 200-338-0
Substance with National workplace exposure limits.	

Classification

Not Classified

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

Inhalation

Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

Introfiant Arterial

Ingestion	Rinse nose and mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention immediately.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer. The product contains a sensitising substance. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs .
Inhalation	Chemical burns. May cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Nausea, vomiting.
Ingestion	Causes burns. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Ingestion of large amounts may cause unconsciousness.
Skin contact	Causes burns. Toxic in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Contact with concentrated chemical may very rapidly cause severe eye damage, possibly loss of sight.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
-----------------------------	------------------------

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards	Very toxic gases or vapours. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous combustion products	Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Carbon monoxide (CO).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Introfiant Arterial

Personal precautions No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains and the aquatic environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Eliminate all sources of ignition. Provide adequate ventilation. For personal protection, see Section 8. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Containers with collected spillage must be properly labelled with correct contents and hazard symbol. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Provide adequate ventilation. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect containers from damage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Formaldehyde

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m³

methanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 266 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 333 mg/m³

Sk

Disodium tetraborate decahydrate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1 mg/m³

Propane-1,2-diol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 150 ppm 474 mg/m³ total vapour and particulates

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ particulate

Introfiant Arterial

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.
Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

methanol (CAS: 67-56-1)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects, local effects: 260 mg/m ³
	Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects, local effects: 260 mg/m ³
	Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg/day
	Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg/day
	General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects, local effects: 50 mg/m ³
	General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects, local effects: 50 mg/m ³
	General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day
	General population - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day
	General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day
	General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day
PNEC	Fresh water; 20.8 mg/l
	Fresh water, Intermittent release; 1540 mg/l
	marine water; 2.08 mg/l
	STP; 100 mg/l
	Sediment (Freshwater); 77 mg/kg
	Sediment (Marinewater); 7.7 mg/kg
Soil; 100 mg/kg	

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Use explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation.
Eye/face protection	Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.
Other skin and body protection	Wear suitable protective clothing as protection against splashing or contamination.
Hygiene measures	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. Respirator selection must be based on exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
-------------------	---------

Introfiant Arterial

Colour	Dark. Red.
Odour	Pungent.
Odour threshold	Not available.
pH	pH (concentrated solution): 8.0-9.0
Melting point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and range	90-92°C @ 760 mm Hg
Flash point	55°C Closed cup.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower flammable/explosive limit: 7 % Upper flammable/explosive limit: 73 %
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Vapour density	> 1
Relative density	1.08-1.09 @ 20°C
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.
<u>9.2. Other information</u>	
Other information	No information required.
Volatility	96%

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity See the other subsections of this section for further details.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions May polymerise. The following materials may react with the product: Strong oxidising agents.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidising agents. Strong reducing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Introfiant Arterial

Hazardous decomposition products Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Harmful if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 342.86

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Toxic in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 845.07

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Toxic if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (gases ppm) 1,971.83

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 31.58

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Corrosive to skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Corrosivity to eyes is assumed.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility May damage fertility.

Reproductive toxicity - development May damage the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 2 - H371 May cause damage to organs . STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

Formaldehyde

Introfiant Arterial

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Toxic if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 100.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Toxic in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 300.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Toxic if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (gases ppm) 700.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 1 mL, 20 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Moderate to severe erythema (3). Oedema score: Moderate oedema - raised approximately 1 mm (3). REACH dossier information. Corrosive to skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Corrosive to skin. Corrosivity to eyes is assumed. Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Mouse: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Local Lymph Node Assay (LLNA) - Mouse: Sensitising. REACH dossier information. Epidemiological studies have shown evidence of skin sensitisation.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro DNA damage and/or repair: Positive. REACH dossier information. Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Genotoxicity - in vivo DNA-protein cross-links (DPC): Positive. REACH dossier information. Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity NOAEC 15 ppm, Inhalation, Mouse May cause cancer.

IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

NTP carcinogenicity Known human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - development Developmental toxicity: - NOAEC: 10 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Target organs Respiratory system, lungs

Introfiant Arterial

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure LOAEL 82 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.

methanol

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS) (1997) Environmental Health Criteria 196: Methanol. Geneva, World Health Organization. Toxic if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 100.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Converted acute toxicity point estimate (cATpE) Toxic in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 300.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Converted acute toxicity point estimate (cATpE) Toxic if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 3.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 2.5cm x 2.5cm, 20 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema score: No oedema (0). Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Dose: 0.05 ml, 24 hours, Rabbit Not irritating.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 1 - H370

Target organs Eyes Central nervous system

Disodium tetraborate decahydrate

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC₅₀ >2.04 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5g, 24 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema score: No oedema (0). REACH dossier information.

Introfiant Arterial

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Dose: 0.08 mL, 14 days, Rabbit REACH dossier information.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Buehler test - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro DNA damage and/or repair: Negative. REACH dossier information.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity NOAEL >5000 ppm, Oral, Mouse REACH dossier information.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Three-generation study - NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat F1 REACH dossier information. May damage fertility.

Reproductive toxicity - development Developmental toxicity: - NOAEL: 55 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. May damage the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Aquatic toxicity is unlikely to occur. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Formaldehyde

Toxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 6.7 mg/l, Striped bass (*Morone saxatilis*)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: 5.8 mg/l, *Daphnia pulex*

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC₅₀, 72 hours: 3.48 mg/l, *Scenedesmus subspicatus*

methanol

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 15400 mg/l, *Lepomis macrochirus* (Bluegill)
EC₅₀, 96 hours: 12700 mg/l, *Lepomis macrochirus* (Bluegill)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 96 hours: 18260 mg/l, *Daphnia magna*

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC₅₀, 96 hours: ~ 22000 mg/l, *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata*

Introfiant Arterial

Acute toxicity - microorganisms IC₅₀, 3 hours: >1000 mg/l, Activated sludge

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage NOEC, 200 hours: 7900 mg/l, Oryzias latipes (Red killifish)
Weight of evidence.

Disodium tetraborate decahydrate

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 74 mg/l, Limanda limanda (common dab)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates LC₅₀, 96 hours: 147 mg/l, Legumia recta (Black sandshell mussel)

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC₅₀, 72 hours: 40.2 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Formaldehyde

Persistence and degradability The product is biodegradable.

Phototransformation Water - DT₅₀ : 1.7 days
Estimated value.

methanol

Phototransformation Air - DT₅₀ : 17.2 days

Biodegradation Water - Degradation (95%): 20 days
Water - Degradation (91%): 15 days
Water - Degradation (88%): 10 days
Water - Degradation (76%): 5 days
The substance is readily biodegradable.

Disodium tetraborate decahydrate

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Formaldehyde

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: <1, Litopenaeus stylirostris (blue shrimp) : ,

Partition coefficient log Pow: 0.35

Introfiant Arterial

methanol

Bioaccumulative potential	BCF: 4.5, Cyprinus carpio (Common carp)
Partition coefficient	log Pow: -0.77

Disodium tetraborate decahydrate

Bioaccumulative potential	BCF: 0.7-1.4, Crassostrea gigas (Pacific oyster)
Partition coefficient	log Pow: -1.53

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility Mobile.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Formaldehyde

Mobility	The product is soluble in water.
Adsorption/desorption coefficient	- log Koc: 1.202 @ °C Estimated value.
Henry's law constant	0.034 Pa m ³ /mol @ 25°C
Surface tension	69.9 mN/m @ 25°C

methanol

Mobility	Mobile.
Adsorption/desorption coefficient	Soil - Koc: 0.13-0.61 @ 6°C
Henry's law constant	0.461 Pa m ³ /mol @ 25°C

Disodium tetraborate decahydrate

Mobility	Soluble in water.
Surface tension	71 mN/m @ 23°C

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Formaldehyde

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

methanol

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

Disodium tetraborate decahydrate

Introfiant Arterial

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. The packaging must be empty (drop-free when inverted). Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID)	1198
UN No. (IMDG)	1198
UN No. (ICAO)	1198
UN No. (ADN)	1198

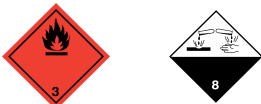
14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	FORMALDEHYDE SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	FORMALDEHYDE SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	FORMALDEHYDE SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE
Proper shipping name (ADN)	FORMALDEHYDE SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class	3
ADR/RID subsidiary risk	8
ADR/RID classification code	FC
ADR/RID label	3
IMDG class	3
IMDG subsidiary risk	8
ICAO class/division	3
ICAO subsidiary risk	8
ADN class	3
ADN subsidiary risk	8

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

Introfiant Arterial

ADR/RID packing group	III
IMDG packing group	III
ICAO packing group	III
ADN packing group	III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS	F-E, S-C
ADR transport category	3
Emergency Action Code	•2W
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	38
Tunnel restriction code	(D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Classification abbreviations and acronyms

- Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid
- Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity
- Carc. = Carcinogenicity
- Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage
- Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation
- Muta. = Germ cell mutagenicity
- Repr. = Reproductive toxicity
- Skin Corr. = Skin corrosion
- Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation
- STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure
- STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure
- Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation

Introfiant Arterial

Training advice	Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision comments	Revised classification.
Revision date	16/10/2018
Revision	7
Supersedes date	05/08/2016
SDS number	612
Hazard statements in full	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer. H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. H370 Causes damage to organs (Eyes, Central nervous system). H371 May cause damage to organs .

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.