



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Dryene II

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Dryene II
Product number 515040

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Embalming Chemical

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier The MazWell Group Ltd.
Units 11/14-15 Ardglen Industrial Estate,
Whitchurch, Hampshire,
RG28 7BB, United Kingdom
+44 (0)1256-893883
+44 (0)1256-893868
enquiries@themazwellgroup.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0)1256 893883 (Mon- Fri 9:00 am - 4:30 pm)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 3 - H226
Health hazards Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 1 - H370
Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements EUH208 Contains Chlorocresol. May produce an allergic reaction.
H301+H311+H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H370 Causes damage to organs .

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Precautionary statements	<p>P201 Obtain special instructions before use.</p> <p>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</p> <p>P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.</p> <p>P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.</p> <p>P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.</p> <p>P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</p> <p>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</p> <p>P308+P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</p> <p>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</p>
Contains	methanol, salicyclic acid, 2-Phenoxyethanol
Supplementary precautionary statements	<p>P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</p> <p>P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.</p> <p>P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.</p> <p>P242 Use non-sparking tools.</p> <p>P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.</p> <p>P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray.</p> <p>P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.</p> <p>P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.</p> <p>P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</p> <p>P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</p> <p>P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</p> <p>P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.</p> <p>P311 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.</p> <p>P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.</p> <p>P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).</p> <p>P330 Rinse mouth.</p> <p>P361+P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</p> <p>P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.</p> <p>P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</p> <p>P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.</p> <p>P405 Store locked up.</p>

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

methanol		50 - 100%
CAS number: 67-56-1	EC number: 200-659-6	REACH registration number: 01-2119433307-44-XXXX
Voluntary disclosure.		
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Acute Tox. 3 - H301		
Acute Tox. 3 - H311		
Acute Tox. 3 - H331		
STOT SE 1 - H370		

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salicylic acid		10 - <25%
CAS number: 69-72-7	EC number: 200-712-3	
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
2-Phenoxyethanol		5 - <10%
CAS number: 122-99-6	EC number: 204-589-7	
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
Oxalic acid		0.5 - <1%
CAS number: 144-62-7	EC number: 205-634-3	
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Acute Tox. 4 - H312		
Acetone		0.5 - <1%
CAS number: 67-64-1	EC number: 200-662-2	
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
STOT SE 3 - H336		
Chlorocresol		0.5 - <1%
CAS number: 59-50-7	EC number: 200-431-6	
M factor (Acute) = 1		
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Acute Tox. 4 - H312		
Skin Corr. 1C - H314		
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
Skin Sens. 1B - H317		
STOT SE 3 - H335		
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400		
Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		

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Propan-2-ol		0.5 - <1%
CAS number: 67-63-0	EC number: 200-661-7	REACH registration number: 01-2119457558-25-XXXX
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
STOT SE 3 - H336		

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Rinse nose and mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention immediately.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs .
Inhalation	Chemical burns. May cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Nausea, vomiting.
Ingestion	Causes burns. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Ingestion of large amounts may cause unconsciousness.
Skin contact	Causes burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Contact with concentrated chemical may very rapidly cause severe eye damage, possibly loss of sight.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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Specific hazards	Very toxic gases or vapours. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous combustion products	Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Carbon monoxide (CO).
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes.
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6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains and the aquatic environment.
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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	Eliminate all sources of ignition. Provide adequate ventilation. For personal protection, see Section 8. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Containers with collected spillage must be properly labelled with correct contents and hazard symbol. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.
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6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Provide adequate ventilation. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.
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Advice on general occupational hygiene	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated.
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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions	Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect containers from damage.
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7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

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Occupational exposure limits

methanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 266 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 333 mg/m³

Sk

Oxalic acid

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 mg/m³

Acetone

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m³

Propan-2-ol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 999 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 1250 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

methanol (CAS: 67-56-1)

DNEL

Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects, local effects: 260 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects, local effects: 260 mg/m³

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg/day

Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg/day

General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects, local effects: 50 mg/m³

General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects, local effects: 50 mg/m³

General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day

General population - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day

General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day

General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day

PNEC

Fresh water; 20.8 mg/l

Fresh water, Intermittent release; 1540 mg/l

marine water; 2.08 mg/l

STP; 100 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 77 mg/kg

Sediment (Marinewater); 7.7 mg/kg

Soil; 100 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Use explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation.

Eye/face protection

Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.

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Other skin and body protection	Wear suitable protective clothing as protection against splashing or contamination.
Hygiene measures	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. Respirator selection must be based on exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear liquid.
Colour	Colourless.
Odour	Alcoholic.
Odour threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and range	63-65°C @ 760 mm Hg
Flash point	54°C Closed cup.
Evaporation rate	5.9 (butyl acetate = 1)
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not available.
Vapour pressure	98 mm Hg @ 20°C
Vapour density	> 1
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	Miscible with water.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Other information	No information required.
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

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Reactivity See the other subsections of this section for further details.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions The following materials may react with the product: Strong oxidising agents.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidising agents. Strong reducing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Harmful if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 151.48

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Toxic in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 476.19

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Toxic if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 4.76

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Suspected of damaging fertility.

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Reproductive toxicity - development Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 1 - H370 Causes damage to organs .

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

methanol

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS) (1997) Environmental Health Criteria 196: Methanol. Geneva, World Health Organization. Toxic if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 100.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Converted acute toxicity point estimate (cATpE) Toxic in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 300.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Converted acute toxicity point estimate (cATpE) Toxic if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 3.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 2.5cm x 2.5cm, 20 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema score: No oedema (0). Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Dose: 0.05 ml, 24 hours, Rabbit Not irritating.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 1 - H370

Target organs Eyes Central nervous system

salicylic acid

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 891.0

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD₅₀) REACH dossier information. Harmful if swallowed.

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ATE oral (mg/kg)	891.0
<u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u>	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	2,001.0
Species	Rat
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	2,001.0
<u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u>	
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Skin corrosion/irritation</u>	
Animal data	Dose: 0.5g, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema score: No oedema (0). REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Serious eye damage/irritation</u>	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye damage.
<u>Respiratory sensitisation</u>	
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Skin sensitisation</u>	
Skin sensitisation	Local Lymph Node Assay (LLNA) - Mouse: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u>	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	DNA damage and/or repair: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>	
Carcinogenicity	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Three-generation study - NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat P REACH dossier information.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Developmental toxicity: - NOAEL: 75 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</u>	
STOT - single exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</u>	
STOT - repeated exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Aspiration hazard</u>	

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Aspiration hazard Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.

2-Phenoxyethanol

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 1,840.0

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Harmful if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 1,840.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >2214 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC₅₀ >1000 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5mL, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Very slight erythema - barely perceptible (1). Oedema score: No oedema (0). Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Dose: 0.1 mL, 15 days, Rabbit Irritating.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Gene mutation: Negative.

Genotoxicity - in vivo DNA damage and/or repair: Negative.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Two-generation study - NOEL 375 mg/kg/day, Oral, Mouse F1

Reproductive toxicity - development Maternal toxicity: - NOEL: 300 mg/kg/day, Dermal, Rabbit

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOEL 700 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat

Chlorocresol

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Harmful if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 500.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Harmful in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,100.0

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Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 2%, , Human Not irritating. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Sensitising. REACH dossier information. Epidemiological studies have shown evidence of skin sensitisation.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Gene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility One-generation study - NOAEL 30 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat P REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - development Developmental toxicity: - NOAEL: 47.66 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity The product contains a substance which is hazardous to aquatic organisms and which may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Ecological information on ingredients.

methanol

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 15400 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)
EC₅₀, 96 hours: 12700 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)

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Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC ₅₀ , 96 hours: 18260 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC ₅₀ , 96 hours: ~ 22000 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	IC ₅₀ , 3 hours: >1000 mg/l, Activated sludge
<u>Chronic aquatic toxicity</u>	
Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage	NOEC, 200 hours: 7900 mg/l, Oryzias latipes (Red killifish) Weight of evidence.

salicylic acid

Toxicity Aquatic toxicity is unlikely to occur. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish	EC ₅₀ , 48 hours: 500 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC ₅₀ , 48 hours: 870 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC ₅₀ , 72 hours: >100 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus

2-Phenoxyethanol

Toxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish	LC ₅₀ , 96 hours: 344 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC ₅₀ , 48 hours: >500 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC ₅₀ , 72 hours: >500 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus

Chlorocresol

Toxicity Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀	0.1 < L(E)C ₅₀ ≤ 1
M factor (Acute)	1
Acute toxicity - fish	LC ₅₀ , 96 hours: 7.56 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	LC ₅₀ , 48 hours: 2 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC ₁₀ , 96 hours: 5.2 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Dryene II

Ecological information on ingredients.

methanol

Phototransformation	Air - DT ₅₀ : 17.2 days
Biodegradation	Water - Degradation (95%): 20 days Water - Degradation (91%): 15 days Water - Degradation (88%): 10 days Water - Degradation (76%): 5 days The substance is readily biodegradable.

salicylic acid

Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation	Water - Degradation > 90%: 4 days

2-Phenoxyethanol

Persistence and degradability	The substance is readily biodegradable.
Phototransformation	Water - DT ₅₀ : 11.8 hours Estimated value.
Stability (hydrolysis)	pH4 - Half-life : >1 year @ 50°C pH7 - Half-life : > 1 year @ 50°C pH9 - Half-life : > 1 year @ 50°C
Biodegradation	Water - Degradation >90%: 15 days

Chlorocresol

Persistence and degradability	The product is biodegradable.
Phototransformation	Water - DT ₅₀ : 0.62 days Estimated value.
Biodegradation	Water - Half-life : 37.5 days

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
Partition coefficient	Not available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

methanol

Bioaccumulative potential	BCF: 4.5, Cyprinus carpio (Common carp)
Partition coefficient	log Pow: -0.77

salicylic acid

Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
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Partition coefficient log Pow: 2.25

2-Phenoxyethanol

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: 0.349, Calculation method.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 1.2

Chlorocresol

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: 52, Fish The product is not bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 0.477

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility Mobile.

Ecological information on ingredients.

methanol

Mobility Mobile.

Adsorption/desorption coefficient Soil - Koc: 0.13-0.61 @ 6°C

Henry's law constant 0.461 Pa m³/mol @ 25°C

salicylic acid

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

Adsorption/desorption coefficient Water - log Koc: 1.54 @ 24°C

2-Phenoxyethanol

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

Adsorption/desorption coefficient Water - log Koc: 1.6 @ 40°C

Henry's law constant 0.00157 Pa m³/mol @ °C Estimated value.

Surface tension 70.7 mN/m @ 19.9°C

Chlorocresol

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

Adsorption/desorption coefficient Water - log Koc: 2.69 @ 25°C Estimated value.

Henry's law constant 0.0608 Pa m³/mol @ 25°C Estimated value.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Dryene II

methanol

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

salicylic acid

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

2-Phenoxyethanol

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

Chlorocresol

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. The packaging must be empty (drop-free when inverted). Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1992

UN No. (IMDG) 1992

UN No. (ICAO) 1992

UN No. (ADN) 1992

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID) FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (METHANOL, SALICYCLIC ACID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (METHANOL, SALICYCLIC ACID)

Proper shipping name (ICAO) FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (METHANOL, SALICYCLIC ACID)

Proper shipping name (ADN) FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (METHANOL, SALICYCLIC ACID)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 3

ADR/RID subsidiary risk 6.1

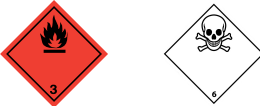
ADR/RID classification code FT1

ADR/RID label 3

Dryene II

IMDG class	3
IMDG subsidiary risk	6.1
ICAO class/division	3
ICAO subsidiary risk	6.1
ADN class	3
ADN subsidiary risk	6.1

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group	III
IMDG packing group	III
ICAO packing group	III
ADN packing group	III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS	F-E, S-D
ADR transport category	3
Emergency Action Code	•3W
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	36
Tunnel restriction code	(D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not relevant.

Not relevant.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.
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15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Dryene II

SECTION 16: Other information

Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity Carc. = Carcinogenicity Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation Muta. = Germ cell mutagenicity Skin Corr. = Skin corrosion Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation
Training advice	Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision comments	Revised regulations.
Revision date	02/05/2019
Revision	12
Supersedes date	10/08/2016
SDS number	598
Hazard statements in full	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H370 Causes damage to organs . H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH208 Contains Chlorocresol. May produce an allergic reaction.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.