



SAFETY DATA SHEET

DH Arterial

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name DH Arterial
Product number 108599

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Embalming Chemical

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier The MazWell Group Ltd.
 Units 11/14-15 Ardglen Industrial Estate,
 Whitchurch, Hampshire,
 RG28 7BB, United Kingdom
 +44 (0)1256-893883
 +44 (0)1256-893868
 enquiries@themazwellgroup.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0)1256 893883 (Mon- Fri 9:00 am - 4:30 pm)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Muta. 2 - H341 Carc. 1B - H350 STOT SE 2 - H371 STOT SE 3 - H335

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Danger

DH Arterial

Hazard statements	H302+H312+H332 Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer. H371 May cause damage to organs .
Precautionary statements	P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308+P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P330 Rinse mouth. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Contains	Formaldehyde, Methanol
Supplementary precautionary statements	P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell. P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label). P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

DH Arterial

Formaldehyde	10 - <25%
CAS number: 50-00-0	EC number: 200-001-8
Classification Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Muta. 2 - H341 Carc. 1B - H350 STOT SE 3 - H335	
methanol	5 - <10%
CAS number: 67-56-1	EC number: 200-659-6
	REACH registration number: 01-2119433307-44-XXXX
Voluntary disclosure.	
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 STOT SE 1 - H370	

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Rinse nose and mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention immediately.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer. The product contains a sensitising substance.
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

DH Arterial

Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Ingestion of large amounts may cause unconsciousness.
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin. Irritating to skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
-----------------------------	------------------------

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Very toxic gases or vapours. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Carbon monoxide (CO).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

Special protective equipment for firefighters Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains and the aquatic environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Eliminate all sources of ignition. Provide adequate ventilation. For personal protection, see Section 8. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Containers with collected spillage must be properly labelled with correct contents and hazard symbol. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

DH Arterial

Usage precautions Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Provide adequate ventilation. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect containers from damage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Formaldehyde

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m³

methanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 266 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 333 mg/m³

Sk

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

methanol (CAS: 67-56-1)

DNEL	<p>Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects, local effects: 260 mg/m³</p> <p>Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects, local effects: 260 mg/m³</p> <p>Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg/day</p> <p>Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg/day</p> <p>General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects, local effects: 50 mg/m³</p> <p>General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects, local effects: 50 mg/m³</p> <p>General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day</p> <p>General population - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day</p> <p>General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day</p> <p>General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day</p>
PNEC	<p>Fresh water; 20.8 mg/l</p> <p>Fresh water, Intermittent release; 1540 mg/l</p> <p>marine water; 2.08 mg/l</p> <p>STP; 100 mg/l</p> <p>Sediment (Freshwater); 77 mg/kg</p> <p>Sediment (Marinewater); 7.7 mg/kg</p> <p>Soil; 100 mg/kg</p>

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Use explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation.

Eye/face protection Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.

DH Arterial

Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.
Other skin and body protection	Wear suitable protective clothing as protection against splashing or contamination.
Hygiene measures	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. Respirator selection must be based on exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear liquid.
Colour	Orange. Pink.
Odour	Pungent.
Odour threshold	Not available.
pH	pH (concentrated solution): 7-9.5
Melting point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and range	96-98°C @ 760 mm Hg
Flash point	62°C Closed cup.
Evaporation rate	< 1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower flammable/explosive limit: 7% Upper flammable/explosive limit: 73%
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Vapour density	> 1
Relative density	1.081-1.095 @ 20°C
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.

DH Arterial

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Volatility 95%

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity See the other subsections of this section for further details.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions May polymerise. The following materials may react with the product: Strong oxidising agents.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidising agents. Strong reducing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Harmful if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 446.89

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Harmful in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,141.99

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Harmful if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (gases ppm) 2,664.64

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 51.37

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Sensitising.

DH Arterial

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - development Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 2 - H371 May cause damage to organs . STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

Formaldehyde

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Toxic if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 100.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Toxic in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 300.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Toxic if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (gases ppm) 700.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 1 mL, 20 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Moderate to severe erythema (3). Oedema score: Moderate oedema - raised approximately 1 mm (3). REACH dossier information. Corrosive to skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Corrosive to skin. Corrosivity to eyes is assumed. Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Mouse: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Local Lymph Node Assay (LLNA) - Mouse: Sensitising. REACH dossier information. Epidemiological studies have shown evidence of skin sensitisation.

DH Arterial

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro DNA damage and/or repair: Positive. REACH dossier information. Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Genotoxicity - in vivo DNA-protein cross-links (DPC): Positive. REACH dossier information. Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity NOAEC 15 ppm, Inhalation, Mouse May cause cancer.

IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

NTP carcinogenicity Known human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - development Developmental toxicity: - NOAEC: 10 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Target organs Respiratory system, lungs

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure LOAEL 82 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.

methanol

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS) (1997) Environmental Health Criteria 196: Methanol. Geneva, World Health Organization. Toxic if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 100.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Converted acute toxicity point estimate (cATpE) Toxic in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 300.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Converted acute toxicity point estimate (cATpE) Toxic if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 3.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 2.5cm x 2.5cm, 20 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema score: No oedema (0). Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

DH Arterial

Serious eye damage/irritation	Dose: 0.05 ml, 24 hours, Rabbit Not irritating.
<u>Skin sensitisation</u>	
Skin sensitisation	Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</u>	
STOT - single exposure	STOT SE 1 - H370
Target organs	Eyes Central nervous system

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Aquatic toxicity is unlikely to occur. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Formaldehyde

Toxicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Acute aquatic toxicity</u>	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC ₅₀ , 96 hours: 6.7 mg/l, Striped bass (<i>Morone saxatilis</i>)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC ₅₀ , 48 hours: 5.8 mg/l, <i>Daphnia pulex</i>
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC ₅₀ , 72 hours: 3.48 mg/l, <i>Scenedesmus subspicatus</i>

methanol

<u>Acute aquatic toxicity</u>	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC ₅₀ , 96 hours: 15400 mg/l, <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> (Bluegill) EC ₅₀ , 96 hours: 12700 mg/l, <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> (Bluegill)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC ₅₀ , 96 hours: 18260 mg/l, <i>Daphnia magna</i>
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC ₅₀ , 96 hours: ~ 22000 mg/l, <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	IC ₅₀ , 3 hours: >1000 mg/l, Activated sludge
<u>Chronic aquatic toxicity</u>	
Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage	NOEC, 200 hours: 7900 mg/l, <i>Oryzias latipes</i> (Red killifish) Weight of evidence.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Formaldehyde

DH Arterial

Persistence and degradability The product is biodegradable.

Phototransformation Water - DT₅₀ : 1.7 days
Estimated value.

methanol

Phototransformation Air - DT₅₀ : 17.2 days

Biodegradation Water - Degradation (95%): 20 days
Water - Degradation (91%): 15 days
Water - Degradation (88%): 10 days
Water - Degradation (76%): 5 days
The substance is readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Formaldehyde

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: <1, *Litopenaeus stylirostris* (blue shrimp) : ,

Partition coefficient log Pow: 0.35

methanol

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: 4.5, *Cyprinus carpio* (Common carp)

Partition coefficient log Pow: -0.77

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility Mobile.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Formaldehyde

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

Adsorption/desorption coefficient - log Koc: 1.202 @ °C Estimated value.

Henry's law constant 0.034 Pa m³/mol @ 25°C

Surface tension 69.9 mN/m @ 25°C

methanol

Mobility Mobile.

Adsorption/desorption coefficient Soil - Koc: 0.13-0.61 @ 6°C

Henry's law constant 0.461 Pa m³/mol @ 25°C

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

DH Arterial

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Formaldehyde

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

methanol

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. The packaging must be empty (drop-free when inverted). Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant
No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

DH Arterial

National regulations	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits. The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716).
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity Carc. = Carcinogenicity Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation Muta. = Germ cell mutagenicity Skin Corr. = Skin corrosion Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation
Training advice	Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision comments	Revised regulations.
Revision date	10/08/2016
Revision	4
Supersedes date	21/08/2014
SDS number	594
Hazard statements in full	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer. H370 Causes damage to organs (Eyes, Central nervous system). H371 May cause damage to organs .

DH Arterial

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.